Forecast for Sunday and Monday: Virginia-Probably showers early Sun-ay. Monday fair; light to freen westerly

PRICE THREE CENTS.

winds.

North Carolina-Fair on the coast, show-ers and cooler in the interior Sunday, Mon-day fair; light southwesterly winds.

WEATHERRE OFCAST

VOL. 15. NO. 162.

RICHMOND, VA. SUNDAY. AUGUST 19. 1900.

CALEB POWERS FOUND GUILT'

And Sentenced to Imprisonment for Life

LESS THAN AN HOUR

Required by the Jury to Reach an Agreement.

PRISONER GREW GHASTLY PALE

As the Verdict Was Read by the Clerk Motion Will Be Made for 9 New Trial, and, Failing in That, an Appeal Will Bo Taken.

(By Associated Press.) GEORGETOWN, KY., August 18,-"We, the jury, find the defendant guilty and fix his punishment at confinement in the penitentiary for the rest of his natural life." This was the wording of the verdict rendered to-day in the case of ex-Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with being an accessory before the fact to the murder of William Goebel.

The jury retired at 1:32 P. M., and returned its verdict at 2:25, having been out only fifty-three minutes. The vote in favor of a life sentence was

When the jury retired the belief was general that its members would full to agree, and in this opinion the defendant

h-mself was firmly convinced.

When the verdict of gulity was returned Powers, for the first time during the weary six weeks of the trial, betrayed his feelings. Under all of the trying incidents of the trial he had maintained a changeless expression. The verdict of guilty, however, apparently staggered him. He was sitting near the door of the jury room, and when the jurors knocked on the door summoning the Sheriff his face took on an anxious look. When the twelve men filed into the room and took their seats, and as Clerk Penn called the roll of jurors, the prisoner did not appear to be more excited than the rest of the spectators.

"Have you made a verdict, gentlemen?" inquired the Court.

"We have," the jurors assented, and the same time Mr. Stone, foreman, ssed the verdict up to the clerk, who PRISONER GREW WHITE.

PRISONER GREW WHITE.

Powers, always pale, grew ghastly white as the verolet was read and his face betokened great mental anguish. Then, somewhat regaining his composure, he turned to the Misses Dangerfield, who had been in conversation with him, and said: "I was not expecting that. The verdict is unjust." There was no sort of demonstration following the verdict and the vast crowd fill-d out of the court-house,

did not think Caleb Powers could be guilty, but I have heard the evidence and I am convinced he ls."

Others also made talks and it is said one of the men of the jury intimated that he thought the death penalty ought to

he thought the death penalty ought to be inflicted. However, when a ballot was taken all twelve of the jurors voted for life imprisonment.

THE JURY.

The jury which sat in the case was composed of eight Democrats; three anti-Goebel Democrats and one Republican, see follows:

as follows:

I. G. Stone, farmer, anti-Goebel; Harris
Mussellman, farmer, anti-Goebel; W. O.
Tinder, farmer, anti-Goebel; A. W. Craig,
merchant. Democrat; W. P. Munson,
farmer, Democrat; W. H. Oldham, merchant, Democrat; Ben. Ford, farmer, Democrat; George Murphy, Democrat; J. T. Muberry, farmer, Democrat; J. T. Crosswelt, carpenter. Democrat; Alonzo Kemper, farmer, Democrat; and J. C. Porter, school teacher, Republican. One of the jurers said to-night that the

jurymen were influenced in making up their verdict by many things in the evidence, but that some of the chief points were Powers' own admission on the stand that he organized the crowd of 1,200 armed mountaineers which came to Frankfort January 15th, his corroboration of parts of the testimony of Noakes, Golden and Culton, the proof that he gave Youtsey the key and that the shot was fired from

It it doubtful whether the Youtsey case

Mr. Crawfordof the defense,made a state-Mr. Crawfordof the defense, made a safe-ment in court this afternoon that Youtsey, according to his physician, is still threat-ened with typhoid fever. One of his at-torneys, John M. Stevenson, is also ill of typhoid fever, and Mr. Crawford could of typhoid fever, and Mr. Crawford could not say whether or not the defense would be ready on Monday. In the event the Youtsey case is continued, one of the other cases, either that of Davis. Whittaker or Combs, will be taken un.

After the jury retired the case of Henry Youtsey, also charged with complicity in the Goebel assassination, was called. The defense was represented by J. G. Crawford and R. W. Nelson, of Newport, and Judge Askew, of Georgetown.

Askew of Georgetown.

A long list of witnesses was called, but few answered to their names.

Was a Shock,

(By Associated Press.)
BARBOURVILLE, KY., August 18.—The announcement of the conviction of Caleb Powers was received by the people of his native town as a distinct shock. The ver-dict coming so quickly was a surprise to all, as a disagreement had been expected. The feeling seems to be very deep, but the people hesitate to discuss the matter save with close friends. The chief topic of conversation is a new trial.

Blackburn Thankful.

(By Associated Press.)

LEXINGTON, KY., Aug. 18.—Senator

Blackburn stopped over here between
trains when he heard of the sentence of Powers. When he heard the news, he said: "Thank God for that. I expected a hung jury. I believed that three men on that jury, at least, would hang." People here discuss the verdict with in-sense but suppressed feelings,

NEXT MOVE THE PROBLEM NOW CONFRONTING ALLIED POWERS.

Government Awaiting Detailed Statement.

POLICY UNCHANGED.

To Prevent Spread or Recurrence of the Insurrection-

THE SITUATION AT SHANGHAI

British Troops Have Been Landed. and This Will Be Followed by the Landing of French, German and Perhaps Russian Forces.

> No Serious Rupture Expected.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, August 18 .- The Government, now fully satisfied by the advices in hand that the international troops have entered Pekin and that the legations are saved, is calmly awaiting detailed statements from its own officers on the ground, Dispatches were received to-day from General Barry, at Che Foo, and Consul General Goodnow, at Shanghai, repeating the eral Goodnow, at Shanghal, repeating the main fact of the capture and relief. Neither General Chaffee nor Admiral Remey was heard from, however, and it is to them, particularly to the American commander at Pekin, that the Department looks for advices not only on what has occurred, but on the local developments, from which an intelligent determination can be made of what still remains nation can be made of what still remains

The President, Secretary Root, Acting Secretary of State Adee, Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett, and other officials were in conference during the afternoon. It was stated afterwards that no additional details had come concerning Pekin, and it that the conference had to was understood that the conference had to io particularly with the situation at Shang-

SHANGHAI SITUATION.

Word reached the Navy Department during the afternoon that the United States cruiser New Orieans had reached Shanghat, at which point British warships and transports are already in force, while the French, Russians and Germans are hurrying their men to the same desti-

The American Government, so far, has The American Government, so far, has kept quite out of this entanglement, and in view of the reported landing of troops by some of the Powers, it was stated authoritatively that the landing of American troops never had been contemplated.

Although the officials declined to give out any specific information, it was understood generally that the Government was in possession of the word that the landing of the British forces had occurred to

stood generally that the Government was in possession of the word that the lands in gof the British forces had occurred to-day, and it was probable that this would be followed by the landing of German and French forces. As the several forces had as the ostens ble purpose of their landing the maintenance of peace and order, it is not assumed to be likely that any disorder can arise out of the course pursued. As a result of the conferences held to-day, it is believed that a dispatch was forwarded to the commander of the New Orleans, uddisting him of the course to be pursued.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

The general situation at Shanghai,

caused by the proposed landing of Britis troops and the protests of Germany and France continues to be strained, nithough the authorities are reported more hopeful of satisfactory adjustment than heretofore. The State Department does not treat the matter as at all grave, and regards it rather as a misunderstanding, one side holding that British activity is confined to Shanghai, while the other in-sists that this netlyity is designed to

cover the whole Yang-Tse region.

One of the diplomatic offic als who has been most active in the affair said today that in any event there could be no order prevailing. It seems to be accepted that if the British troops land, German and French, and possibly Russian, troops

About 1.100 French troops have arrived nt Hong Kong, destined for Shanghai, and German ships are now on their way to the same point.

same point.

The German, French and Russian
Charge d'Affaires called separately at the
State Department to-day The situation
was discussed, but no changes developed. NO CHANGE.

The general policy of the Government towards China heretofore has been made known both to General Chaffee and to Minister Conger, and it was stated au-thoritatively to-night that there was no necessity of sending these officials addinecessity of sending these officials addi-tional instructions on the subject. The fact is emphasized by administration offi-cials that the policy of the Government is sufficiently stated in Secretary Hay's note of July 3d, and that nothing can be added to that document except an ela-

added to that document except an elaboration of the points therein stated.

Four distinct purposes were laid down in this declaration, namely:

"The purpose of the United States is, as it has been heretofore, to act concurrently with the other Powers.

"First, in opening up communication with Pekin and rescuing the American officials, missionards and other transfers.

ficials, missionaries and other Americans

who are in danger. "Secondly, in affording all possible protection everywhere in China to American life and property.

life and property.
"Thirdly, in guarding and protecting all legitimate American interests; and "Fourthly, in a'ding to prevent a spread of the disorders to the other provinces of the Empire and a recurrence of such dis-

It can be stated authoritatively that the It can be stated authoritatively that the foregoing declara ions stand to-day as they did on the day they were enunciated. The Government considers that the first purpose enumerated, namely "Opening up communication with Pekin and rescuing the American officials, missionaries and other Americans who were in danger now accomplished. There may be details of this rescue still to be carried out, but

This leaves three remaining purposes set forth to be carried out, and these are chiefly in line of restoring order, quiet and security to the flisturbed country.

Even with the Chinese capital occumed by the allied forces, it is realized that there is still serious business for the forces

inside the city. While they have breached the outer walls, which encircle the entire city, there are walls within walls, and it remains to been whether an attempt will be made to enter the Imperial city forming a distinct section of Pekin proper. The inner walls are comparatively light, however, not being above 20 feet high, and the milltary authorities say that they cannot withstand even light artillery if there was any disposition to breach them. Moreover, any disposition to breach them. Moreover, as the alliel troops have breached the great outer wall, 50 feet high, and far more formidable than the inner walls, they would have comparatively little dim-

they would have comparatively little diffi-culty in moving where the commanders de-sired inside the city.

Aside from the question of the with-drawal of troops from China, there is the further question of the withdrawal of troops from Pekin, Both of these ques-tions are for the present in abcyance, pending definite news from General Chaf-fee and Minister Conger, Certainly there can be no immediate withdrawal from Pekin, and the Government is yet to learn what plans will be devised for escorting the legationers and the several thousand native Caristians to the coast.

THE ATTACK.

The Allies Entered City on Two Sides Simultaneously. (By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, August 18.-General Yamaguichi wires from Pekin, under date of August

16th, as follows: "The allies attacked Pek'n early yes-terday, opening with artillery on the east-ern side. The wall was obstinately held by the enemy. The Japanese and Russians were on the northward of the Tung Chow Canal. The Americans and British were on the south side. At nightfall the Japanese blew up the two eastern gates of the Tartar city and entered. In the meantime the Americans and British enmeantime the Americans and British en-tered the Chinese city by the Tun Pien gates. Detachments of each force were sent toward the legations. The parties met near the legations and opened communication. All the ministers and their staffs were found safe. The Japanese loss was over one hundred killed, including three officers. The losses of the nilies have not been ascertained. Four hundred Chinese were killed."

RESISTANCE OBSTINATE.

Attack of Pekin Was Begun on Morning of 15th.

(By Associated Press.)
SHANGHAI, Aug. 18-10 A. M.—The general attack on Pekin began Aug. 15th, in the morning. The enemy obstinately resisted. The same evening the Japanese demolished the Cham-Lang and Tong-Chi gates and entered the capital. The other armies entered by the Tong Quien gate. They sent detachments at once to the legations, where the ministers were the legations, where the ministers were

Message From Bruce.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 18-12:30 P. M.-Admiral Bruce telegraphs to the Admiralty: "Pekin captured August 15th. Legations

Reports Confirmed. (By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.-A dispatch from Consul-General Goodnow, at Shanghai, has been received at the State Department confirming previous reports of the entrance of the allied armies into Pe-kin, and the safety of the legationers."

WILL BEAUTIFY FOREST HILL PARK

Railway Company Proposes to Maek an Attractive Resort-Contract Has Been Complied With.

The management of the Richmond Passenger and Power Company proposes to make Forest Hill Park one of the most attractive resorts of its kind in the country. Plans are aiready being prepared for the Plans are already being preparel for the extensive improvements which will be made in the early spring. Several thousands of sollars will be spent.

It is probable that the car line will be extended down to the lake. Walk-ways will be laid off and ample benches provided. There will be hat living pools and provided.

will be laid off and ample benches provided. There will be bathing pools and provisions for shooting-the-chutes. Various privileges will be leased out, such as for the merry-go-'round and other amusements. A fast schelule will be arranged for the car line, and Forest Hill will undoubtedly become a most poular reart. come a most popular resort.

Mr. George Ainsile called upon City En-

sineer Cutshaw and members of the Street Committee body to ascertain if possible when the committee will take up the plans for the rehabilitation of the Clay-Street line. Several members of the committee are out of the city at the present

time.

It is possible that the committee will consider the matter next Wednesday night. City Attorney Pollard and with City Clerk Ben T. August the twelve papers referring to the city's contract between the city and the Richmond Passenger and Power Company, together with a communi-cation setting forth that the company has complied minutely with all the provisions of the ordinance granting its charter,

Along with the papers also were certified copies of five deeds transferring to tiffied cordes of five deeds transferring to the Passenger and Power Company the franchises, rights, properties and privi-leges of the old Richmond Railway and Electric Company, Concerning the ful-filment of the contract between the Rich-mond Passenger and Power Company and was a stronger Pollard says; city, City Attorney Pollard says:

the city, City Attorney Poliard says:

"I have examined all of said papers, and am of the opinion that the execution of the same, and the filing thereof with you, is a complete compliance by the Richmond Passenger and Power Company with the possible party of the said amond. with the requirements of the said amend-ed sub-section 2 of section 9 of the said ordinance, approved December 23d, 1891, (to which reference is previously made in the City Attorney's communication. which reference is previously made in the City Attorney's communication), as last amended by the ordinance approved August 10, 1900, and I have, therefore, endersed upon each of the said transfers, as required by the said tmanded sub-section above referred to, that the same are acceptable to me, and I have also endorsed upon the said contract that it is satisfactory."

Fugitives Must be Pursued and captured.

GERMANY'S VIEW.

Will Call for Employment of Large Additional Forces-

INSTALL STRONG GOVERNMENT.

Surmises Fill German Papers as to Whether Great Britain, the United States and Japan Will Co-operate in Further Operations

in China Contemplated

by That Country,

(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.) BERLIN, August 18 .- The flight of the Dowager Empress and the disappearance of the Emporer of China is here regarded as of much greater and lasting importance than the mere taking of Pekin, and the complications resulting therefrom are speculatively discussed by the press and in political circles. The overwhelming opin-ion is that since all the Powers have

ion is that since all the Powers have agreed to install a strong central Government at Pekin, it becomes necessary first to destroy or at least to render harmiess the fugitive Government, which is responsible for the whole eruption. Therefore, it is claimed it is necessary to foliow and capture the fugitives. This probably will call for the employment of large additional forces besides those which are now in China. Surmises as to whether the United States, Great Britain and Japan will also share therein, or leave the burden to Russia, France and above all with Germany, fill the papers to-day.

The German Government adheres to the view that harmony prevails among the

The German Government adheres to the view that harmony prevails among the Powers regarding immediate action in China. A number of the opposing papers express deep dissatisfaction with the ignoring of the Reichstag and the whole of the Emperor's China policy, declaring it far exceeds the limits laid down by Count Von Buelow, the minister of foreign affairs, in this circular to the ruling Prince of Germany, on July 11th.

DUE TO MISSIONARIES.

At Emperor William's dinner to Field

At Emperor William's dinner to Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee last evening at Wilhelmshalle, the Chinese question was thoroughly discussed between His Majesty and Von Waldersee. Prince Muenster-Dorneburg. Dr. Ucanus, the chief of the Emperor's Civil Cabinet; Admiral Diedrichs and Colonial Chief Steu-bel participated. Herr Von Brandt, a former Minister to

China, in the missionary organ, Chrise-liche Weit, puts the largest amount of blame for the Chinese outbreak on the missionaries, citing a mass of evidence in

support of his assertions. He says:
"Two-thirds of the work of the lega-tions and consulates in China had been occasioned by the complaints, demands and claims of missionaries."

The press to-day publishes articles on

the subject of the birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria,

The Militarie Wchenblatt calls attention to the fact that the Austrians and Germans for the first time since 1864 fight together in China. A majority of the papers praise Austria as the "steadfast and unimpeachable ally of Germany From a number of letters published in the papers of appears that the situation in Samoa is rather unsatisfactory. The Governor, because, it is claimed, he was Governor, because, it is claiment doing justice to Tanu and his party, was severely blamed by the Mataafa party. Ceaseless dissensions followed, thou hardly any actual hostilities occurred.

FRIENDLY RECEPTION.

Allies Said to Have Entered Pekin Without Opposition. (By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 18 .- The second edition of the Daily Telegraph publishes a spe-cial dispatch from Shanghal, which says: "The allies entered Pekin unopposed and met with a friendly reception from Prince met with a friendly reception from Frince Ching. All the hostile elements have already escaped from the city. The Imperial Court left for Shen So on August 11th with the Manchus. The Kausu troops have gone southwest with the object of drawing off the allies and preventing them from following up the Court."

Agreement Reached. (By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, August 18 .- As the result of an exchange of cablegrams be-tween the Powers concerning affars ut Shanghai, an agreement has been reached by which all the admirals of the several Powers represented at Shanghai will act the Chinese Yang-Tse fleet, instead of the British admiralty at Shanghai. This

Chinese Yang-Tse fleet consists of four cruisers and several torpedo boats and destroyers. As many transports are carrying troops of the various Powers to China, it has been deemed necessary to see that the Chinese warships do not attack the unprotected transports.

The British commander has been exe-

The Britsh commander has been executing the watch alone, but under the new arrangement all will share in this responsibility. The United States cruiser New Orleans will participate with the other foreign ships there in this duty. New Orleans at Wu Sung.

(by Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The cruiser
New Orleans has arrived at Wy Sung, the
port of Shanghai. She has on board 390
men, including 40 marines.
It is understood that the British forces
landed to-day and that it will be followed. landed to-day and that it will be followed by the French and German landing parties. It is not expected that the Americans will land a party.

Superior Intelligence.

washington, the St. James Gazette saying: "The relief of the legations may now be accepted without reservation."

The Westminster Gazette attributes the colority of the American reports to the The Westminster creation reports to the fact that the Americans are erecting field wounds dressed by Dr. Gills.

wires and have a staff officer assigned for the express purpose of sending news. The following dispatch has been re-ceived at the Russian War Office, in St. Petersburg, from General Allexeff: "Port Arthur, Aug. 13.

"General Fleischer, with a force of all arms, captured Hai Cheng August 12th after three days fighting. The Chinese loss was 409 men and four guns. Flychundred Chinese retreated with eight

OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION.

Minister Wn Hears of the Entry Into

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, August 18.—Mr. Wu.

the Chinese Minister, to-night received an official cablegram announcing the en-try of the allied forces into Pekin on the night of the 15th. It was sent by Li Hung Chang, and transmitted to Minister Wu by the Chinese Minister at London. The text of the disputch was not given out but it was explained that the message was a simple announcement from the Chinese Government confirmatory of the other advices reporting the fall of the Chinese capital.

Indiana Has Arrived.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The following cablegram was received at the War De-partment this morning from Brigadier-General Barry, of General Chaffee's staff "Che Foo.

"Adjutant-General, Washington:
"Taku, August 17th—Indiana transport
arrived on the 16th. All are well. Will go to front. Pakin taken 15th. Legation: safe. (Signed.)

"BARRY." The Indiana carried a battalion of the Fifteenth Infantry, which had transhipped from the Sumner at Nagasaki.

Congratulates Conger. (By Associated Press.) DES MOINES, IOWA, August 13.—Governor Shaw to-night cabled Minister Conger as follows: "Allow congratulations. After long anxiety great rejoicing by State, nation and all Christendom.

(Signed) Austrian Minister Wounded.

(By Associated Press.)
VIENNA, Aug. 18.—The Austrian Foreign Office has received a dispatch ansouncing that the Austrian acting minister
at Pekin, Dr. Von Rosthrone, is slightly

(By Associated Press.) (By Associated Fress.)
SHANGHAI, August 18.—In consequence
of the landing of British troops, the
French have arranged to land 150 Blue
Jackets at their concession.

France Will Land Bine Jackets.

Will Speak for McKinley.

(By Associated Press.) CHICAGO, August 18.—The Times-Herald to-morrow will say:
"Minister Conger will be home from China before election if he can get here, and will make a few speeches for Mc-Kinley and Roosevelt. That he can get here in time is not yet certain, but the effort to procure his presence is being made.

made.
"Secretary Heath, of the National Committee, says he is unable to promise
speeches by Minister Conger, but he has
hopes. It is assumed that he will speak
at least once in Iowa, probably at Des
Moines, his home city."

SAYS EX-GOVERNOR STOLE A "FIVER

Former Chief Executive and Speaker of the House of South Carolina in Trouble.

(By Associated Press,)
BOSTON, August 18.—Franklin J.
Moses, at one time Governor of South Carolina and also a former Speaker of the House of Representatives of that State, was arrested here to-day, churged with the largeny of \$5 from John D.

Hardy, a Boston business man.
Mr. Moses has been living in Winthrop,
and for a time conducted a weekly newspaper at Revere. It is alleged that after disposing of his interest in the paper he continued to solicit advertisements for it, and Mr. Hardy's complaint was entered as a result of an alleged payment made to Mr. Moses of \$5 for un advertisement

which did not appear.

Moses was brought to the attention of the Boston police in 1885, when he was ar-rested on the charge of obtaining money by false pretenses from the late Fred. Ames, Colonel Thomas Wentworth Hig-ginson and others. He was then found guilty and sent to the State prison for three years.

TO MAKE BLANK BOOKS.

The E. M. Eppes Company Moves from Charlotte to Richmond. The E. M. Eppes Blank Book Company

has removed from Charlottee, N. C., to this city. Mr. Eppes, the head of the concern, is a former resident of Richmond and was for a long time a member of the reliable book-binding firm of Traylor & Eppes. He has just returned from New York and other northern cales, where he purchased new and modern machinery for thoroughly equipped book-binding and lank-book manufactury. Yesterlay he leased the premises No. 11

Governor Street, and will at once begin the will have its plant in operation by September 1st. The concern will employ between iften and twenty-five hands, mostly experience! girls. installation of his plant. The company

BEATEN INSENSIBLE.

and One is Seriously Injure !. A bloody fight occurred last night about 10 o'clock at First and Orange Streets between Joseph Adams and Joseph Bradley both colored. Adams was beaten insensible by Bradley, who, it is claimed, used a heavy hammer as a weapon. Adams was cut bally about the head and face. The ambulance was called and the man's

Shanghai Now Occupies | WERE MOSTLY WOMEN Centre of Stage.

BRITISH LAND TROOPS

Imbroglio Resulting From Suspicion | THE HURTS ARE VARIOUS. Assuming Serious Aspect.

CAMPAIGN IN MANCHURIA.

Russians Seem to Be Progressing Satisfactorilly-Chinese Gathering in Force at Kobo, from Which Place the Russians and Tartar Residents

Have Departed (By Associated Press.) LONDON, August 19 .- Whatever of in-

terest may attach to the events reported in the night's dispatches is destroyed by the capture of Pekin, as most of the messages relate to matters preceding and eading up to the capture of the Chinese General Linevitch, commander of the

Russian troops in Pechili, reports to St. Petersburg that on August 12th the Chinese intended to give battle at Che Sin. where were concentrated fifty battulions of the best Manchu troops, commanded by General Tung Fuh Slang, but that, losing courage, they returned hurriedly, not

waiting for an attack to be made.

The eyes of the world, which have been fixed hitherto on Pekin, are turning to Shanghai, where an imbroglio resulting from the jealousy and suspicion of the Powers will possibly shortly assume a serious aspect. The British landed Gurkas and Bombay regiments on Friday, and France is hurrying seventeen hundred Tonkin troops thither, some of whom are reported to have arrived already.

Tonk n troops thither, some or whom are reported to have arrived already.

The situation in the valley of Yang-Tse Klang, at Wu Chang, is serious. Chang Tai Tung's troops mutinied, but the outbreak was quelled.

Russia's campaign in Manchuria seems to be progressing satsfactory. General Orioff, chief of staff of the Russian forces in Ching, reports of August 14th that he in China, reports of August 14th that he attacked the Chinese at Medu Chel on August 12th, and subsequently advanced o Ya Shi and captured an abundance of

stores.

The Chinese are said to be gathering in force in the neighborhood of Kobo, from which place the Russ an and Tartar resi-dents have departed.

A Berlin dispatch dated this (Sunday)

talions arrived at Tien-Tsin on Thursday. NOTIFICATION MEETING.

Mr. Bryan Will Arrive in Topeka on August 23d. (By Associated Press.)

TOPEKA, KAS., August 18 .- William J. Bryan will arrive in Topeka at 10:39 A. M., August 23d. The Topeka City Troop will escort him to the National Hotel, where a reception will be held. The northwest corner of the State House

of the Populist notification meeting, and a large stand is being erected there. Chief Justice Doster, of the Supreme Court, will preside and deliver a brief intraductory address. He will be followed by T. M. Patterson, of Colorado, who will be followed by the followed by the formula of the formu make the formal notification address. The make the formal localitation address. The meeting will begin at 4 o'clock and wik be presided over by Senator Marion Butler, chairman of the Populist National Com-

> Preparing His Speech. (By Associated Press.)

LINCOLN, NEB., August 13.—Mr. Bryan spent the day in preparing his Topeka speech. The speech will not deal with one particular topic, as the Indianapolis speech, but will cover various subjects.

Mr. Bryan has changed his itinarary for next week. He will go to Atchison from Falls City Wednesday night, and from Atchison to Topeka Thursday morning.

ADMITTED IMPLICATION,

The Trial of Cordua for the Kidnapping Plot. (By Associated Press.)

(By Associated Press.)
PRETORIA, August 18.—The trial of Lieutenant Cordua, of the Staats Artillery, charged with being concerned in the plot to kidnap General Roberts, was continued to-day. The prisoner almitted his implication, but declared that he was overpersuaded to join the conspiracy by a man named Gano, who was the originator of the plot, and who professed to have been in the British Secret Service, but wanted to assist the Boers.

to assist the Boers.

The prosecution tried to connect Com-The prosecution tried to connect commandant-General Botha with the affair.

Cordua admitted that at the suggestion of Gano, he and Gano start-d out with the object of visiting Botha, but were captured and sent back. The evidence, though inconclusive, appeared to show that Cortain with Botha. dua had some communication with Botha, although Cordua denied it. Several witnesses testified that Cordua had been drinking heavily of late.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON SHAH.

Details Are Lacking, Beyond Fact, That it Was Unsuccessful. (By Associated Press.) PARIS, August 19 .- The Siecle says a pri-

PARIS, August 19.—The Siecle says a private telegram from Ostend states that an attack similar in all points to that made by the Anarchist Salmon in Paris, August 20, were made on the Shah of Persia. Details are lacking.

The Echo De Paris publishes the bare statement from Ostend that an attempt has been made upon the life of the Shah, adding that owing to the lateness of the hour it was impossible to obtain confirmation.

Young Man Drowned. (By Associated Press.) MACON, GA., August 18.—Azel R. Free-man, a well-known young business man, and son of Juage M. R. Freeman, was drowned this afternoon while bathing at the "Outing Club,"

BAD ACCIDENT AT EXPOSITION

Many Hurt in Terrible Crush and Panic.

Two of Victims Have Since Died of Injuries.

Consist of Wounds on Head, Broken Arms, Ribs and Internal Injuries. Panic Caused by Some One Shouting, "It Cracks."

There Was No Cause

for the Alarm.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, August 18 .- A second serious accident has happened at the Exposition. It occurred-unlike the first-when many were killed or injured through the falling of a foot-bridge near the Celestial Globeamidst a scene of general rejolcing. The first was on an ordinary Sunday afternoon; the latest upon the occasion of the most successful fete given, casting a deep

All parts of the Exposition was crowded, including the bridges joining one part with the other; and it was on one of these wooden constructions—that joining the Inval des to the Italian Pavilion—that the accident happened.

Just before 11 o'clock some one passing

Just before II o'clock some one passing over from the direction of the Champ de Mars, shouted, "It cracks," and, although there was no justification for the cry it was repeated by the crowd, causing a terrible crush and panic. At a certain point on the Invaildes side the bridge curves around somewhat, and it was here that the hand-rail gave way for a distance of ten or lifteen yards. Through the pressure of the crowd thirty persons were waitened from the bridge to the roadprecipitated from the bridge to the roud-way, three yards below. Two of these have since died.

One of those believed to be mortally

one of those between to be morethy huri was injured internally and the other sustained a fracture of the skull. The injuries of the others consist of wounds upon the head and face, broken arms and ribs and internal injuries. Most of the victims were women.

The Minister of Commerce, M. Miller-and, visited the scene and President Lou-bet sent General Dubois to represent him.

PROMOTION FOR CHAFFEE. There Is Talk of Making Him a Brig-

adier General. (By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The prominence which General Chaffee has attained in the China campaign has already started some discussion as to a suitable reward for him by promotion in the regular army. These seems to be no question but what he will get the next vacancy among the brigade generals of the army and some of his friends in the War Department talk of still higher honors for him and indicate that it is quite possible that he will be selected for majorgeneral when the next vacancy occurs. If this were done, he would be promated over the heads of the present list of brigadiergenerals. (By Associated Press.)

generals.

General Chaffee is now colonel of the Eighth Cavalry, but a major-general of

MEAT SCARCE.

Johannesburg Is Getting Short of

Provisions, (By Associated Press.) CAPE TOWN, August 18.—The United States Consul, Mr. James G. Stowe, says that when he left Johannesburg there was only three days' meat supply aheal and other food was scant, all the transport facilities being reqired to feel the army. Besides this the rolling stock was and the resumption of mining is, therefore, impossible at present.

Revolutionists Giving Up.

(By Associated Press.)
PANAMA, August 18.—The Star-Herald. PANAMA, August IS.—The Star-Heridhas a dispatch from Buena Ventura announcing advices received there from Socorro, August 16th, said the Revolutionary army under Vargas Sentas, Focion Soto, and Uribe, who are the three Liberal leaders, was surrendering at San Vincente.

Contraband Aboard. (By Associated Press.) LORENZO MARQUES, Aug. 18.—The Portuguese gunboat El Liberal recently

Vincente.

roruguese gundat El Liberal recently discovered two barges loaded with war munitions, towed by a steam haunch on the Tember river, and captured their own-ers. The destination of the barges is un-May Have a Place. (By Associated Press.)

LINCOLN, NEB., August 18.—Secretary of State Porter has decided that "Free Sliver Republicans" and "Midlip-of-the-Road Populists" may have a place on the official State ballot this fall under the names quoted.

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Local. New industry to locate in Richmond.

-Travelers' Protective Association working hard for new mileage books.

-Maynard the leader in the fight.

-Negroes in bloody battle.

-Bold hold-up in central portion of rown.

town.
To beautify Forest Hill Park. -10 peattry Forest Hill Fark.
-Rev. Hall will resign pastorate of
Monroe Baptist Church.

State.

-Republicans of Eighth District make a nomination for Congress.
-Great efforts being made for harmony in Second District.
-Hon. William F. Khea formally open-ed campaign with a telling speech.

General.

-Caleb Powers found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

-Democrats issue an appeal for organization of clubs.

-Race trouble in Georgia has quieted down.

Foreign.

Foreign

The imbroglio at Shanghai now occupying attention of the world.

British have landed troops, while other nations are hurrying troops there.

The next move in campaign problem of the Powers.

Another attempt made on life of Shah of Persia.

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, Aug. 18.—While awaiting details of the taking of Pekin, the papers here again comment on the superior official intelligence of the authorities at Washington, the St. James Guzette saying: "The relief of the legations was Two Negroes Get Into Fierce Battle, o doubt is entertained that the rescue will mation. be accomplished. RESTORE ORDER.